

Commemoration for the Lives of the Braidwood and District ANZACS

"We will remember them well"

A CALL FROM THE DARDANELLES



ROLL OF HONOUR

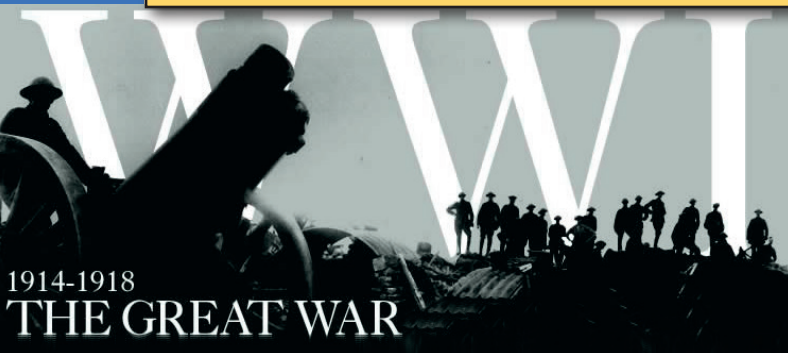
MERTON, Thomas David

Service Number: 5136

Rank: Private

*"Coo-ee-
Wont YOU
come?"*

From 1914 - 1918, 465 volunteers from Braidwood and the District
joined the Australian Imperial Force in World War I.
88 lost their lives, never to return home. This is their story.



1914-1918
THE GREAT WAR

100
YEARS OF
ANZAC

THE SPIRIT
LIVES
2014 - 2018

Introduction

This year, 2015, marks the centenary of the start of the Gallipoli campaign and Australia's involvement as a nation in the greatest and most terrible conflict ever seen to that time. Australians joined their Armed Forces in large numbers. Their motives were as varied as their upbringings, from a need to save the Empire, of which Australia was an integral part, to the desire to have a great adventure.

Braidwood and district were no exception. Over the four years from 1914 to 1918, from a population of about 5000, 465 men and women from what is now the 2622 postcode area – including Braidwood, Majors Creek, Araluen, Mongarlowe, Nerriga, Ballalaba and Jembaicumbene joined the Navy or Army. Of these 377 returned to Australia. Sadly, 88 lost their lives.

A varying amount of their history is recorded in the Australian War Memorial. Some of their names, but not all, are recorded on local memorials. More is recorded in limited local histories and newspapers, not readily available to the general public; and the people who lived with and knew these distant relatives are also passing on.

The Braidwood RSL Sub Branch has collected all the information available from the Australian War Memorial and local sources, including the Braidwood Museum. Families, still resident in the district, have added their family knowledge and their precious memorabilia.

This booklet is the available story of **Thomas David Merton**, one of the 88 Braidwood volunteers who did not return from World War I. It contains his details as recorded in the World War I Roll of Honour, his Enlistment Papers, Field Service records, any Casualty notification, correspondence relating to his death, details of decorations won, any available photos, and, in some instances, family correspondence or recollections.

Thomas David Merton died for his country, for you and for me. Please pause a moment to remember him.

Lest We Forget.

WORLD WAR I

World War I lasted four years, from 4 August 1914 until 11 November 1918. It began after the assassination of the heir to the Austrian throne. The axis powers were Germany and Austria. Russia and France were the initial allies. When Germany invaded Belgium, Britain entered the war on the side of Russia and France.

The war was in Europe, the Western Front was in France and Belgium. The Eastern Front was Russia and Austria-Hungary. Africa was another front because of colonial possessions on that continent, and after Turkey entered the war on 1 November 1914, the Middle East became another theatre of war.

Australians generally thought of themselves as an integral part of the British Empire and the Australian Army and Navy were part of the Imperial Forces. In 1914, Australia's Prime Minister, Andrew Fisher, immediately promised Australian support for Britain 'to the last man and the last shilling.' The Australian population was less than five million. 324,000 Australians served overseas. 61,720 lost their lives. 155,000 were wounded. 4,044 became prisoners of war (397 died while captive).

The first Australian troops were sent to Egypt in 1915. The ANZACS – Australian and New Zealand Army Corps – were engaged in battle on the Gallipoli Peninsula against the Turks to control the Dardanelles' and open the way to Eastern Europe with their fateful landing on 25 April 1915.

The ANZACS were evacuated on 19-20 December 1915. The Gallipoli campaign resulted in the deaths of 7,600 Australians and the wounding of 19,000. Despite the defeat, the legend attached to the heroism, comradeship and valour of the soldiers remain a source of Australian pride and national identity.



ROLL OF HONOUR

THOMAS DAVID MERTON

Service Number: 5136

Rank: Private

Unit: 33rd Australian Infantry Battalion

Service: Australian Army

Conflict: First World War, 1914-1918

Date of death: 17 October 1917

Place of death: Belgium

Cause of death: Died of wounds

Age at death: 19

Place of association: Newtown, Australia

Cemetery or memorial details: Nine Elms British Cemetery,
Poperinghe, Flanders, Belgium

Source: AWM145 Roll of Honour cards, 1914-1918 War, Army

Location on the Roll of Honour: Thomas David Merton's name is located at **panel 122** in the Commemorative Area at the Australian War Memorial

33rd Australian Infantry Battalion

The 33rd Battalion was formed in January 1916 at a camp established at the Armidale showground in New South Wales. The bulk of the battalion's recruits were drawn from the New England region and thus it was dubbed "New England's Own". The Battalion's first, and only, commanding officer was Lieutenant Colonel Leslie Morshead, who would become famous as the commander of the 9th Australian Division during the Second World War.

The 33rd Battalion became part of the 9th Brigade of the 3rd Australian Division. It left Sydney, bound for the United Kingdom in May 1916. Arriving there in early July, the battalion spent the next four months training. It crossed to France in late November, and moved into the trenches of the Western Front for the first time on 27 November, just in time for the onset of the terrible winter of 1916-17.

The Battalion had to wait until the emphasis of British and Dominion operations switched to the Ypres Sector of Belgium in mid-1917 to take part in its first major battle; this was the battle of Messines, launched on 7 June. The battalion held the ground captured during the battle for several days afterwards and was subjected to intense artillery bombardment. One soldier wrote that holding the line at Messines was far worse than taking it. *The battalion's next major battle was around*

Passchendaele on 12 October. The battlefield, though, had been deluged with rain, and thick mud tugged at the advancing troops and fouled their weapons. The battle ended in a disastrous defeat.

For the next five months the 33rd alternated between periods of rest, training, labouring, and service in the line. When the German Army launched its last great offensive in the spring of 1918, the Battalion was part of the force deployed to defend the approaches to Amiens around Villers-Bretonneux. It took part in a counter-attack at Hangard Wood on 30 March, and helped to defeat a major drive on Villers-Bretonneux on 4 April.

Later in 1918, the 33rd also played a role in the Allies' own offensive. It fought at the battle of Amiens on 8 August, during the rapid advance that followed, and in the operation that breached the Hindenburg Line at the end of September, thus sealing Germany's defeat. The 33rd Battalion disbanded in May 1919.



Private T. Merton, son of Arthur Merton, a former resident of Majors Creek, and a nephew of John Stuart, was killed in France. The soldier had recently won a Distinguished Service Medal for bravery.

Letters from the Front by Roslyn Maddrell

A.I.F. 33.

D/S. 17.10.17.

MERTON T. 5135.

He was in C.Co. XI Pl. - mine and was a sniper. His Christian name was Thomas. He was a transfer to us from the 17th.Bn. about a year before. He was badly wounded in the back by a piece of shell when we were holding the line up near the Boulers-Ypres Railway, near Passchendaele, in the afternoon, on or about 17th.Oct. He was on his way to Co. HQ. at the time. I saw him about 1 hour after he was hit. Cpl. Gunn, C.Co. (at ill with the Bn.) was acting as S/B. and I believe was one who carried him down to the D.S. When I saw Horton they were just going to take him there. I heard he had died soon afterwards.

Reference: Pte.C.M. McCarthy. 827. C.Co.
56 Gen.Hq.

NTH.

Staples.
6.3.18.

No. 5136a. Private Thomas David MERTON, 33rd. Battalion.

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL

"On the morning of February 23rd, 1917, Private Merton displayed great gallantry, determination and initiative. At 8 a.m. he asked and received permission to take advantage of the fog and go into NO MAN'S LAND to snipe and examine the enemy's wire. On nearing the German second line of wire he heard a working party picking in the trenches. He at once moved to a shell-hole between the third and last line of wire, a distance of 30 yards from the enemy's trench, and 250 yards from ours. Here he disguised himself. On the lift of the fog he saw an enemy observer, whom he killed. Shortly afterwards he shot another who was observing close to the same spot. Later two men appeared, one of whom pointed in Merton's direction; he shot this man and he fell into the trench. Eventually a man jumped over the parapet and hid in the wire. This caused great commotion and much talk in the enemy's trenches. While in the act of throwing a stick-handle grenade he was shot by Private Merton. The grenade fell close by, but failed to explode. A fifth man appeared and got over the parapet to throw bombs. Private Merton accounted for him before he reached the wire. The enemy then bombed from his trench and threw about 20 bombs. Private Merton meanwhile withdrew and came under heavy fire from two machine guns. Two "Granaten-werfers" were also fired at him. Private Merton returned to our trenches at 11 a.m. He sniped also from the enemy's first line of wire on the 22nd. and remained there until recalled."



AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

E01088

9 October 1917: Belgium: Western Front (Belgium), Passchendaele Area, Passchendaele: A 4.5 inch Q.F. Howitzer gun bogged and abandoned on Westhoek Ridge during the attack at Passchendaele, in the Ypres sector. The building on the left was used as a Regimental Aid Post by the 5th Australian Infantry Brigade during the battle.



The Last Call

Issued by the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia

Chas. Storie & Co., Melbourne

V5395

AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

ARTV05395

Depicts an Australian First World War recruitment poster with an image of a wounded soldier sounding his bugle for assistance as he leans over the bodies of wounded soldiers in a trench. In the background, coming over the horizon, are German soldiers. Norman Lindsay (1879-1970) was a painter, draughtsman, illustrator, cartoonist, printmaker, writer and sculptor. He joined the Sydney 'Bulletin' magazine as a staff artist, 1901-09, 1910-23 and 1932-58. During the First World War he produced jingoistic cartoons and pro-conscription posters. 'The last call' and 'Fall in', the last of the series of six Lindsay posters commissioned by Australian recruiting authorities in 1918, had not been used when the Armistice was signed. The former was drawn from photographs of the brother of Lindsay's cook and housemaid at his home at Springwood, NSW.



AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

E00933

14 October 1917: Belgium: Western Front (Belgium), Passchendaele Area, Passchendaele: Members of the 40th Battalion taking the opportunity to 'clean up', after coming out of the trenches west of Passchendaele, in the Ypres Sector. This camp was between Dragoon and Hussar Farms, near Ypres, and was occupied by troops in a brief respite from the fighting. Note the tents in the background.



AUSTRALIAN WAR MEMORIAL

E01163

6 November 1917: Belgium: Western Front (Belgium), Passchendaele Area, Broodseinde: The Cemetery near the cutting on the Ypres Roulers railway on Broodseinde Ridge, in the Ypres sector. Passchendaele can just be seen in the distance on the right.

AUSTRIAN

MILITARY FORCES.



AUSTRALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE.

Attestation Paper of Persons Enlisted for Service Abroad.

5136
No. ~~1007~~

Name MERTON THOMAS DAVID
Unit 11th Rec. Coy. 33rd Batta
Joined on 27-1-16

13/17 Path

13/17 Path

Questions to be put to the Person Enlisting before Attestation.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. What is your Name? | 1. <u>Thomas David Merton</u> |
| 2. In or near what Parish or Town were you born? | 2. In the Parish of <u>Majors Creek</u> in or near the Town of <u>Paradwood</u> in the County of <u>Monart</u> |
| 3. Are you a natural born British Subject or a Naturalized British Subject? (N.B.—If the latter, papers to be shown.) | 3. <u>Natural Born</u> |
| 4. What is your age? | 4. <u>Twenty One & Two Months</u> |
| 5. What is your trade or calling? | 5. <u>Pipe fitter Assistant</u> |
| 6. Are you, or have you been, an Apprentice? If so, where, to whom, and for what period? | 6. <u>No</u> |
| 7. Are you married? | 7. <u>By Father Mr A Merton</u> |
| 8. Who is your next of kin? (Address to be stated) | 8. <u>Mother, Nellie Merton</u>
<u>122 Station St</u>
<u>Newtown</u> |
| 9. Have you ever been convicted by the Civil Power? | 9. <u>No</u> |
| 10. Have you ever been discharged from any part of His Majesty's Forces, with Ignominy, or as incorrigible and Worthless, or on account of Conviction of Felony, or of a Sentence of Penal Servitude, or have you been dismissed with Disgrace from the Navy? | 10. <u>No</u> |
| 11. Do you now belong to, or have you ever served in, His Majesty's Army, the Marines, the Militia, the Militia Reserve, the Territorial Force, Royal Navy, or Colonial Forces? If so, state which, and if not now serving, state cause of discharge | 11. <u>Yes, Militia 3 months & left Training Area</u> |
| 12. Have you stated the whole, if any, of your previous service? | 12. <u>Yes</u> |
| 13. Have you ever been rejected as unfit for His Majesty's Service? If so, on what grounds? | 13. <u>No</u> |
| 14. Do you understand that no Separation Allowance will be issued in respect of your service beyond an amount which together with Pay would reach eight shillings per day | 14. <u>Yes</u> |
| 15. Are you prepared to undergo inoculation against smallpox and enteric fever? | 15. <u>Yes</u> |

I, Thomas Merton do solemnly declare that the above answers made by me to the above questions are true, and I am willing and hereby voluntarily agree to serve in the Military Forces of the Commonwealth of Australia within or beyond the limits of the Commonwealth.

*And I further agree to allot not less than two fifths of the pay payable to me from time to time during my service for the support of my wife three fifths wife and children

Date 27-1-16

T. Merton
Signature of person enlisted.

*This clause to be amended where necessary and should be struck out in the case of unmarried men or widowers without children under 16 years of age.

Transferred to

AUSTRALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE. ^D

41705

No.

5130

Rank

Pte.

Name

MERTON T. D. 'D. Com'

Unit

33rd Battalion

Casualty

Died 17/10/19 3rd Aust. L.B. Div. 4/11/1941 Dues left side
Lutich Wounded
4/11/1941 132nd Signal Squadron 26/11/1941
630 P. 1942/291st B. London 21/12/1942

22/11

DATE

PURPORT

A.T. R. 2000A Received

REF. NO.

A.F. B. 103 Received

10/11/41 M. D. 2 advised. DIED OF WOUNDS. 17/10/19

GOVT MADE FOR WAR PENSIONS

CONFIRMATION RECEIVED OF

10/11/41 GAIN No. 6 9134 1961 Under 10th. B. 4 24/11/41

WAR HISTORY INDEX

12.2.19

6. A. Form 74 & Returned to 33rd A.O. 34 A.

Re personal effects in kit. B. R. A. R. 26/4/29

30 3 20

PHOTOGRAPH OF SERVICE TRANSMITTED TO NEXT OF KIN. B. R. A. 18/10/52

4.4.22

UNITED KINGDOM MEDAL 1914-15 2nd M.D.B.R.M. 54/359



FIELD SERVICE

Army Form B. 2090A.

REPORT of Death of a Soldier to be forwarded to the War Office with the least possible delay after receipt of notification of death on Army Form B. 213 or Army Form A. 36, or from other official documentary sources.

REGIMENT OR CORPS 33RD BATTALION A.I.F. Squadron, Troop,
Battery or Company,

Regimental No. 5136 Rank Private

Surname HUTTON (D.C.M.) Christian Name Thomas David

Date 17th October, 1917 Place 3rd Australian Casualty Clearing Station
In the Field, N.E.F.
Cause of Death Died of wounds received in action

Nature and Date of Report Hospital Report dated 17th October, 1917

By whom made C.O., 3rd Australian Casualty Clearing Station

* Especially state if killed in action, or died from wounds received in action, or from illness due to death certificate of his fellow prisoner or exposure while on military duty, or from injury while on military duty.

State whether he leaves a Will or not (a) in Pay Book (Army Book will not received send Book if at hand)
 (b) as a separate document FOR BURIAL REPORT SEE B 102

All private documents and effects received from the front or hospital, as well as the Pay Book, should be examined, and if any will is found it should be at once forwarded to the War Office.

Any information received as to verbal expressions by a deceased soldier of his wishes as to the disposal of his estate should be reported to the War Office as soon as possible.

A duplicate of this Report is to be sent to the Field Centre Paymaster at Base, or to the D.F.A.O. Indian Expeditionary Force, or Field Disbursing Office, as the case may require, together with the Deceased's Pay Book (after withdrawal of any will from the latter). If the deceased's Burial Book is at the base, it should be forwarded to the War Office with this Report.

Station and Date Asst. Section, 3rd Battalion, C.I.F., 30.1.18 Signature of Officer in charge of Section Washburn 2nd Lt.
Adjutant-General's Office at the Base

hdb

E.E.F.
Australian Imperial Force.
KIT STORE.



110 GREYHOUND ROAD,
HAMMERSMITH, LONDON,
W. 6.
TELEPHONES-- HAMMERSMITH 1900, 1901.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS-- "AIFKITS."

Inventory of Effects of- 5136a, Merton.T.D., 33rd Batt'n. A.I.F.

Forwarded to- Father.
Mr Arthur Merton,
123, Station Street,
Newtown,
Sydney,
New South Wales.

Effects:-

Ex. 3rd Echelon, France. 5.2.18. (10345).

1 Mark Note, 3 Coins, Scissors, Knife, Mirror & Comb in Case,
Wallet, Purse, Diary, Cards, Photos, Letters, Medal Ribbon.

30821

No. of Package D/S

Checked by

33rd Battalion
Casualty Form - Active Service.

Regimental Number.....
5136

Regiment or Corps ~~25th-27th-17th-Battalions~~.....

Rank Private Surname MERTON Christian Name Thomas David
 Religion Church of England Age on Enlistment 21 years 5 months
 Enlisted (a) 27.1.16 Terms of Service (a) Service reckons from (a)
 Date of promotion to present rank Date of appointment to lance rank

Extended () Re-engaged () Qualification (b) or Corps Trade and rate

Occupation Signature of Officer

Report		Place of Casualty	Date of Casualty	Remarks <small>Taken from Army Form B. 213, Army Form A. 36 or other official documents.</small>
Date	From whom received			
		KYARRA Embarked Sydney 3.6.16		
		Disembarked Plymouth 3.8.16		
29.9.16	B213 33rd Bn	Taken on strength from 17th Battalion England 30.9.16		DO 16/799E ER 5494
21.11.16	CO 33rd Bn	Proceeded overseas France Southampton 21.11.16		FR 1372 DO 19/2292E

On the morning of February 23rd 1917 Private Merton displayed great gallantry, determination and initiative. At 8 am he asked and received permission to take advantage of the fog and go into 'NO MANS LAND' to snipe and to examine the enemy's wire. On nearing the German second line of wire he heard a working party picking in the trenches. He at once moved to a shell hole between the third and last line of wire, a distance of 30 yards from the enemy's trench and 250 yards from ours. Here he distinguished himself. On the lift of the fog he saw an enemy observer whom he killed. Shortly afterwards he shot another who was observing close to the same spot. Later two men appeared one of whom pointed in Merton's direction. He shot this man and he fell into the trench. Eventually a man jumped over the parapet and hid in the wire. This caused great commotion and talk in the enemy's trenches. Whilst in the act of throwing a stick handle grenade he was shot by Private Merton. The grenade fell close by but failed to explode. A 5th man appeared and got over the parapet to

(a) In the case of a man who has re-engaged for, or enlisted into, Section D, Army Reserve, particulars of such re-engagement or enlistment will be entered.
 (b) Signaller, Clerking Smith, &c. W. 1635-31229 22/20 9/17 (2-11) C. P. & S. Ltd., 1, Broad St., E.C. 4, LONDON, E.C. 4.

Report		Place of Casualty	Date of Casualty	Remarks <small>Taken from Army Form B. 213, Army Form A. 36 or other official documents.</small>
Date	From whom received			
		to throw bombs. Private Merton accounted for his before he reached the wire. The enemy then bombed from his trench and threw about 25 bombs. Private Merton meanwhile withdrew and came under heavy fire from 2 machine guns, 2 Maxim-Barfords were also fired at him. Private Merton returned to our lines. He sniped also from the enemy's first line of wire on the 2nd and remained there until recalled.		
15.4.17	1st Lt L&C	Awarded the Distinguished Conduct Medal	Field 15.4.17	AK 1076/68
7.7.17	B213 33rd Bn	To Hosp sick (VD)	Field 2.7.17	DO/39 2209/41 2017/1318 DO/7/3018
7.7.17	3rd Lt C.C.S.	Acc VD 3ers	Field 5.7.17	
		Trans to AT 15	Field 7.7.17	AK 1473/64
8.7.17	7th Gen Depot	Acc VD	Boulogne 8.7.17	AK 1473/65
9.7.17	7th Gen Depot	To 30th General Hosp	Boulogne 9.7.17	AK 1473/76
10.7.17	30th Gen Hosp	Acc M.Y.D.	Harve 10.7.17	AK 1473/78
2.9.17	30th Gen Hosp	Lia to 12th Gen Depot VD	Harve 2.9.17	AK 1523/14 2033/4459
3.9.17	3rd AMB	Marched in ex Hosp	Harve 3.9.17	076/8
7.9.17	3rd AMB	Marched out to front	Harve 7.9.17	076/6
15.9.17	B213 33rd Bn	Rejoined Unit	Field 15.9.17	06/48 2035/4433
20.10.17	B213 33rd Bn	Founded in Action	Field 10.10.17	06/47
12.10.17	3rd Div Hqs	Founded in Action	Field 10.10.17	AT 17084 VL 500
17.10.17	3rd AMB	Acc 88th Chas	(Field) 16.10.17	AK 1755/28
		Died of wounds	(B.D.F) 17.10.17	2041/4971 VL 509

Ampts Section,
3rd Battalion, G.N. & R.F.C.
30.1.1918 (Sgd) S.T. BENNETT, 1st Lt.
Officer i/c Records.

28.2.18 Directed Buried
of grave. New Elmwood British
Cemetery just S.W.
of Pyetlinghe
13376
2998.345006
P/ 21/6/19 11/13

8842

BASE RECORDS OFFICER, AIF.
29th August, 1917.

Dear Madam,

I have much pleasure in forwarding hereunder copy of extract from Supplement No. 50023 to the London Gazette of 17th April, 1917, relating to the conspicuous services rendered by your son, No. 5136 Private T. D. Merton, 33rd Battalion.

X X X X

AWARDED THE DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL

HIS MAJESTY THE KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Distinguished Conduct Medal to the undermentioned soldier for acts of gallantry and devotion to duty in the field :-

No. 5136 Private THOMAS DAVID MERTON.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He advanced under cover of a fog and took up a position in "No Man's Land" from which he shot five of the enemy. He has at all times displayed great courage and initiative.

X X X X

The above has been promulgated in Commonwealth of Australia Gazette, No. 133 of 21st August, 1917.

Yours faithfully

Major.

Officer i/c Base Records.

Mrs. M. Merton,
125 Station Street,
Heston,
Sydney, N.S.W.

RECEIVED
1917 AUG 18 AM

123 Station St
Newtown Sydney

Officer in Charge Base Records

Dear Sir

5136a

My son Private J. D. Weston having
died of wounds on October 17th 1917 in France
The Officer in Charge wrote me & said all
his personal belongings were sent on to
me - so far I have not received anything
I would be very thankful if you could
help me. He was awarded the D.C.M.
I received his medal from the King
by the June period & I do not know if
he had it on him in France. It is now
over 10 months & if anything belonging
to him has come through I would be
very pleased to receive same

Yours truly
Kellie Weston

Handwritten notes
28/8

In Memory of

Private

Thomas David Merton

DCM

5136, 33rd Bn., Australian Infantry, A.I.F. who died on 17 October 1917 Age 19

Son of Arthur D. and Ellen Merton, of 123, Station Road, Newtown, Sydney, New South Wales. Born
Major's Creek, New South Wales.

Remembered with Honour
Nine Elms British Cemetery



Commemorated in perpetuity by
the Commonwealth War Graves Commission



The Eastern end of Duncan Street showing the Clyde Road in background, bicycle track on the left and the St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church (built 1861) on the right. Braidwood Dear Braidwood by Netta Ellis.

Acknowledgements

Everybody responded enthusiastically to the idea of capturing the information about Braidwood's 88 World War I veterans who lost their lives. The Braidwood RSL Sub Branch is most grateful for the support they received in carrying out this task and would like to acknowledge those of whom we are aware: Karen, Chris and Renee Nelson, Roslyn Maddrell, Karen Shea, Jill Clarke, Rod McClure, Ben and Meaghan Frohling, Diane McGrath, Us On Mondays Quilting Group, Len Mutton & Co and local shopkeepers for their World War I window displays.

Thank you to the students and teachers of Braidwood Central School and St. Bedes School who have embraced these soldiers and have honoured their memories on Anzac Day 2015.

The Braidwood RSL Sub Branch raised a good proportion of the funds for the cost of producing these booklets. The efforts of the members of the sub branch involved are very much appreciated. This money was augmented by welcome funding from the Federal Government through the ANZAC Centenary Local Grants Program and the Braidwood Community Bank.

To all those who helped in any way, many thanks. Your efforts have ensured we remember these Braidwood and District Veterans well.

Back Cover: Peace Day, 11th November 1918, Wallace Street, Braidwood.

"Wild day in Braidwood: When Braidwood woke up on Tuesday morning to find the 'glad tidings of great joy' awaiting it that Germany had signed the armistice and the frightful carnage of the past four years or so had come to an end it simply went mad with delight. No other words could adequately describe the excitement that followed." "Braidwood Letters from the Front" by Roslyn Maddrell.

ROLL OF HONOUR

Alley, Clair Underwood
Archer, Fred
Backhouse, Victor John
Barnett, Frederick George
Barry, Charles Louis
Beatty, Walter Cusack
Bell, John Henry Edward
Black, George Scott
Bruce, Thomas Fraser
Byrne, Cecil John
Callan, William Henry
Catlin, Robert Henry
Clarke, Lester Thomas
Cook, Thomas John
Crandell, Christopher George
Cregan, Clarence Theodore Augustus
Cullen, Henry Thomas
Davis, John Henry
Davis, Oscar Raymond Stanley
Dawson, Edric Athol
Dayball, Arthur Joseph
Dempsey, Charles Frederick
Dempsey, Charles
Dowell, Frederick Robert
Feeney, William
Fisher, Osborne
Flack, John Foster
Garnett, Henry James
Geelan, Robert Michael
Gosling, Fred
Gough, James
Green, Francis Henry
Healy, Myrtle James
Howard, John Alexander
Huggett, William
Hunt, Frederick William
Hunt, John
Hush, Percy Alfred
Hush, Thomas
Hush, Austin Septimus
Innes, Henry George
Kelly, Herbert Albert
Kemp, Leslie Smith
Keyte, Robert
Knight, Charles Oliver
Lee, Thomas James
Lennon, James
Lupton, Spencer
Lynch, James Joseph
Matthews, Francis
McCool, Francis Leslie Neil
McDonald, Alexander Joseph
McLean, Donald
McRae, Finley Arnold
Meade, Arthur Stuart
Merton, Thomas David
Montgomery, Stanley
Moore, William
Newberry, Alwyn (Alwin) Horace James
O'Brien, Thomas Daniel
O'Reilly, John
Pooley, Edward
Rex, Horace Joseph
Riley, Frank
Roberts, Frederick Bede
Robinson, William James
Rodgers, Albert
Seidel, Alfred George
Seidel, Henry Edward
Sharpe, George Lyle
Sharpe, Reginald
Sherman, Edgar Robert
Sherman, Percy Frederick
Simmons, George
Smith (Greenwood), George
Spicer, William Henry
Steele, Alexander Norman
Stein, Daniel Godfrey
Stewart, David Walter
Styles, Reginald Lucian
Torpy, Patrick Edward
Torpy, Thomas Patrick
Walker, William Albert
Watt, James
Watt, Oscar Harold McClure
White, Alister
Whitelaw, Thomas Philip
Wilson, Samuel Charles

Lest We Forget